## Into to Mathematical Modeling 231 To Play or Not to Play?

Today we will simulate a game of chance, a coin flip game, and decide if it is in our best interest to play the game for various circumstances.

## THE GAME

Players play the game by repeatedly flipping a fair coin until they either get three heads or three tails in a row. For each flip they take they must pay the house \$1.00 but if they win the automatically get \$8.00.

The questions that we hope to answer today include:

- Should you play or not?
- If you play how much can you expect to win in the long run?
- What if you were able to sneak in a weighted coin, would it help?
- What if the house instead only gave you \$5.00 when you won, then should you play?
- What if you had to get four in a row to win, should you still play?

To answer these questions we will need to build a simulation which consists of playing the game 500 times and then calculating the average winnings. The simulation must allow us to change parameters such as the amount won, the probability of getting heads, and the number of flips required to win.

Directions for building the simulator are on the following pages, but if you want a challenge try to build it on your own.

The simulator can be built using either a spreadsheet or by programming the game in a programming language of your choice. Below are directions for using a spreadsheet. I also uploaded a Matlab/Octave program to our blackboard site if you want to see some example code for the simulation.

Note: I have not been able to program the openoffice.org spreadsheet to do the last data gathering steps of this Monte Carlo simulation. The only way I have been able to get openoffice.org to do the simulation is to physically rerun the spreadsheet and copy and paste the simulation answers to a new sheet 100-500 times. Maybe one of you can figure out a better way to do this!

Start by entering the following parameters into the top left corner of your spread sheet:

				Sheet
<b>\langle</b>	Α	В	С	D
1		Number of Flips=		
2		Winnings =		
3		Prob of Tail =	0.5	
4		Number in a row =	3	
5		Amount won =	8	
6				

You can leave the cells for the number of flips and winnings blank, we will calculate these later. Now we will start building our simulator.

- 1. Starting in cell A8 type the word "Flip" and below it list the numbers 1-50, representing the possibility of having to make 50 flips before winning.
- 2. In cell B8 type "Random Number" and below it type the command = RAND(), copy this down to the rest of the cells below. This should give you 50 random numbers.
- 3. In cell C8 type "Result" and below it type the command =IF(B9 < \$C\$3,1,0), copy it down to the cells below. This command will give you a 1 if you roll heads and a zero if you roll tales. How does this command work? Look it up in the spreadsheet help if you have to!
- 4. Now move all the way over to cell F8 and type "Switch Count". Since to win we need heads or tails fliped three times in a row, we need a column to tell us if we have switched between heads and tails. In F10 type =IF((C9-C10)=0,0,1), copy it to the cells below.
- 5. In cell D8 type "Total Heads". In cell D9 type = C9 then below it in cell D10 type = IF(F10=1,C10,C10+D9), copy to the cells below. This will count up the total number of heads flipped in a row. Does this command make sense?
- 6. In cell E8 type "Total Tails". In cell E9 type = ABS(C9 1) the below it in cell E10 type = IF(F10=1,ABS(C10-1),E9+(1-C10)), copy to the cells below.

7. Finally we need a column to check if we have won and we should stop! In cell G8 type "Stop?" Below in cell G9 type = "" to force a blank space. In cell G10 type:

8. Now back at the top we need to add up the number of times we had to flip, in other words we need to add up the number of blank spaces in row G. In cell C1 type = COUNTIF(G9:G58, "")+1. In cell C2 type = C5 - C1 to calculate your winnings.

Your spreadsheet should look something like this:

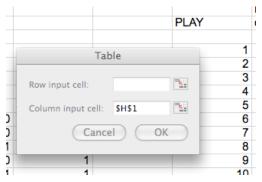
				Shee	ts Charts	SmartArt Grap	ohics WordA
<b>&lt;&gt;</b>	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
1		Number of Flips=	15				
2		Winnings =	-7				
3		Prob of Tail =	0.5				
4		Number in a row =	3				
5		Amount won =	8				
6							
7		Random		Total	Total		
8	Flip	Number	Result	Tails	Heads	Switch Count	STOP
9	1	0.673146055	1	1	0		
10	2	0.78259308	1	2	0	0	
11	3	0.24144044	0	0	1	1	
12	4	0.096130635	0	0	2	0	
13	5	0.984848442	1	1	0	1	
14	6	0.357086625	0	0	1	1	
15	7	0.880076857	1	1	0	1	
16	8	0.700756922	1	2	0	0	
17	9	0.369061788	0	0	1	1	
18	10	0.538619426	1	1	0	1	
19	11	0.139070742	0	0	1	1	
20	12	0.010030631	0	0	2	0	
21	13	0.700845907	1	1	0	1	
22	14	0.574545476	1	2	0	0	
23	15	0.908573106	1	3	0	0	stop
24	16	0.60908679	1	4	0	0	stop
25	17	0.873567201	1	5	0	0	stop
26	18	0.644667852	1	6	0	0	stop
27	19	0.472460767	0	0	1	1	stop
28	20	0.227891773	0	0	2	0	stop
20		Sheet1 Sheet2 Sheet	3 ]+ ]		^	^	-4
	Normal View	Select destination and p	ress ENTER or choose	Paste			Sum=0

You now have a spreadsheet that will simulate one game of coin flipping and calculate your winnings. Now we need a way to keep track of 500 simulations, remember with stochastic models we need to run the model multiple times to gather enough data for a good statistical result.

In **Excel** you will create a data table to run the simulation 500 times. Create the simulation table by typing "Play" in cell H3, "Number of Flips" in cell I2, and "WINNINGS" in cell J2. Then type = C1 in cell I3 and = C2 in cell J3. The H column should have the numbers 1-500 so you can run the simulation 500 times. It should look something like the picture below:

Н	I		J
	Number		
PLAY	of Flips		WINNINGS
		3	5
	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	9		
	10		
	11		
	12		
	13		
	14		
	15		
	16		
	17		
	18		
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	21		
	22		
	23		
	24		
	25		

Next you will have excel fill in the table table. Highlight the locations of your table: columns H-J, cells 3-503. At the top of the screen in the Excel menu select DATA, WHAT IF ANALYSIS and then DATA TABLE. A screen will popup asking for you row and column input cells. Leave the **row input blank** and in the column input type \$H\$1.



Press OK to create your table. This should fill in all of the values of the table with new simulated results. Now to compile your results you just find the average and standard deviation of your winnings, column J. You are DONE creating your first Monte Carlo simulator! Now you ready to play with your parameters and answer the questions for this assignment.